

Audit Progress Report and Sector Update

North Devon District Council Year ending 31 March 2019

11 June 2019



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Introduction



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This paper provides the Governance Committee with a report on progress in delivering our responsibilities as your external auditors.

The paper also includes a summary of emerging national issues and developments that may be relevant to you as a local authority.

Members of the Governance Committee can find further useful material on our website, where we have a section dedicated to our work in the public sector. Here you can download copies of our publications. Click on the Grant Thornton logo to be directed to the website www.grant-thornton.co.uk.

If you would like further information on any items in this briefing, or would like to register with Grant Thornton to receive regular email updates on issues that are of interest to you, please contact either your Engagement Lead or Engagement Manager.

PSAA Contract Monitoring

North Devon District Council opted into the Public Sector Audit Appointments (PSAA) Appointing Person scheme which starts with the 2018/19 audit. PSAA appointed Grant Thornton as auditors. PSAA is responsible under the Local Audit (Appointing Person) Regulations 2015 for monitoring compliance with the contract and is committed to ensuring good quality audit services are provided by its suppliers. Details of PSAA's audit quality monitoring arrangements are available from its website, www.psaa.co.uk.

Our contract with PSAA contains a method statement which sets out the firm's commitment to deliver quality audit services, our audit approach and what clients can expect from us. We have set out commitment to deliver a high quality audit service in the document at Appendix A. We hope this is helpful. It will also be a benchmark for you to provide feedback on our performance to PSAA via its survey in Autumn 2019.

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Progress at 30 May 2019

Financial Statements Audit

We carried out our interim audit in April 2019. Our interim fieldwork visit included:

- Updated review of the Council's control environment
- · Updated understanding of financial systems
- Review of Internal Audit reports on core financial systems
- · Early work on emerging accounting issues
- Early substantive testing

The findings from our interim audit are included within this report.

The statutory deadline for the issue of the 2018/19 opinion is 31 July 2019. We will discuss our plan and timetable with officers.

The final accounts audit will take place in July with findings reported to you in the Audit Findings Report by the deadline of July 2019.

Value for Money

The scope of our work is set out in the guidance issued by the National Audit Office. The Code requires auditors to satisfy themselves that; "the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources".

The guidance confirmed the overall criterion as: "in all significant respects, the audited body had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people".

The three sub criteria for assessment to be able to give a conclusion overall are:

- Informed decision making
- · Sustainable resource deployment
- Working with partners and other third parties

Details of our initial risk assessment to determine our approach were included in our Audit Plan.

We will report our work in the Audit Findings Report and give our Value For Money Conclusion by the deadline in July 2019.

Other areas

Certification of claims and returns

We certify the Council's annual Housing Benefit Subsidy claim in accordance with procedures agreed with the Department for Work and Pensions. The certification work for the 2018/19 has not yet started. We will agree our overall project plan for completing this work with officers.

Meetings

We meet with the Chief Executive and Head of Resources as part of our regular liaison meetings, with our most recent meeting being in April 2019, and continue to be in discussions with finance staff regarding emerging developments and to ensure the audit process is smooth and effective.

Events

We provide a range of workshops, along with network events for members and publications to support the Council. Your officers attended our Financial Reporting Workshop in February, which helps to ensure that members of your Finance Team are up to date with the latest financial reporting requirements for local authority accounts.

Further details of the publications that may be of interest to the Council are set out in our Sector Update section of this report.

Results of interim audit work

The findings of our interim audit work, and the impact of our findings on the accounts audit approach, are summarised in the table below:

	Work performed	Conclusions and recommendations
Entity level controls	We have obtained an understanding of the overall control environment relevant to the preparation of the financial statements including:	Our work has identified no material weaknesses which are likely to adversely impact on the Council's financial
	 Communication and enforcement of integrity and ethical values; 	statements.
	Commitment to competence;	
	Participation by those charged with governance;	
	Management's philosophy and operating style;	
	Organisational structure;	
	Assignment of authority and responsibility; and	
	Human resource policies and practices.	
Understanding business processes	We have obtained and documented an understanding of the Council's business processes where we have considered that the class of transaction is significant to the financial statements.	Our work identified no material weaknesses which are likely to adversely impact on the Council's financial statements.
	This has been completed for:	
	• Cash	
	Collection Fund	
	Creditors/ Purchases	
	Debtors/ Fees and Charges	
	Grant Income	
	Payroll	
	• Pensions	
	Plant, Property and Equipment	
	Welfare Benefits	
Review of information technology controls	We performed a high level review of the general IT control environment, as part of the overall review of the internal controls system. IT (information technology) controls were observed to have been implemented in accordance with our documented understanding.	Our work has identified no material weaknesses which are likely to adversely impact on the Council's financial statements.

Results of interim audit work (continued)

	Work performed	Conclusions and recommendations
Journal entry controls	We have Council's journal entry policies and procedures as part of determining our journal entry testing strategy and have not identified any material weaknesses which are likely to adversely impact on the Council's control environment or financial statements. To date we have undertaken detailed testing on journal transactions recorded for the first twelve months of the financial year (not including year end journals), by extracting 'unusual' entries for further review. No issues have been identified that we wish to highlight for your attention.	At year end we will undertake further detailed testing on closedown journal transactions in April/May 209, by extracting 'unusual' entries for further review.
Early substantive testing	We have performed early substantive testing in the following areas: Operating Expenses Substantive testing of a sample of non-payroll expenditure transactions to period 10 Other Income Substantive testing of a sample of fees and charges income to period 12 Welfare Benefits Substantive testing of a sample of welfare benefits to period 10	Our audit work has not identified any significant issues within the testing undertaken.
Walkthrough testing	We performed a walkthrough for Journals, however, as revaluations and pensions are completed at the year end, it is not possible to perform a walkthrough until later in the year. Our work has not identified any issues which we wish to bring to your attention. No weaknesses were identified thus far in the design of controls relating to journals, pensions and revaluations.	Our work has not identified any weaknesses which impact on our audit approach.

Audit Deliverables

2018/19 Deliverables	Planned Date	Status
Fee Letter	April 2018	Complete
Confirming audit fee for 2018/19.		
Accounts Audit Plan	February 2019	Complete
We are required to issue a detailed accounts audit plan to the Audit Committee setting out our proposed approach in order to give an opinion on the Council's 2018-19 financial statements.		
Interim Audit Findings	June 2019	Complete
We will report to you the findings from our interim audit and our initial value for money risk assessment within our Progress Report.		
Audit Findings Report	July 2019	Not yet due
The Audit Findings Report will be reported to the July Audit Committee.		
Auditor's Report	July 2019	Not yet due
This is the opinion on your financial statement, annual governance statement and value for money conclusion.		
Annual Audit Letter	August 2019	Not yet due
This letter communicates the key issues arising from our work.		
Annual Certification Letter	December 2019	Not yet due
This letter reports any matters arising from our certification work carried out under the PSAA contract.		

Sector Update

Local government finances are at a tipping point. Councils are tackling a continuing drive to achieve greater efficiency in the delivery of public services, whilst facing the challenges to address rising demand, ongoing budget pressures and social inequality.

Our sector update provides you with an up to date summary of emerging national issues and developments to support you. We cover areas which may have an impact on your organisation, the wider NHS and the public sector as a whole. Links are provided to the detailed report/briefing to allow you to delve further and find out more.

Our public sector team at Grant Thornton also undertake research on service and technical issues. We will bring you the latest research publications in this update. We also include areas of potential interest to start conversations within the organisation and with audit committee members, as well as any accounting and regulatory updates.

- Grant Thornton Publications
- Insights from local government sector specialists
- Reports of interest
- Accounting and regulatory updates

More information can be found on our dedicated public sector and local government sections on the Grant Thornton website

National Audit Office – Local auditor reporting in England 2018

The report describes the roles and responsibilities of local auditors and relevant national bodies in relation to the local audit framework and summarises the main findings reported by local auditors in 2017-18. It also considers how the quantity and nature of the issues reported have changed since the Comptroller & Auditor General (C&AG) took up his new responsibilities in 2015, and highlights differences between the local government and NHS sectors.

Given increasing financial and demand pressures on local bodies, they need strong arrangements to manage finances and secure value for money. External auditors have a key role in determining whether these arrangements are strong enough. The fact that only three of the bodies (5%) the NAO contacted in connection with this study were able to confirm that they had fully implemented their plans to address the weaknesses reported suggests that while auditors are increasingly raising red flags, some of these are met with inadequate or complacent responses.

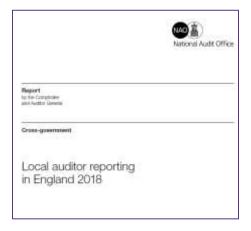
Qualified conclusions on arrangements to secure value for money locally are both unacceptably high and increasing. Auditors qualified their conclusions on arrangements to secure value for money at an increasing number of local public bodies: up from 170 (18%) in 2015-16 to 208 (22%) in 2017-18. As at 17 December 2018, auditors have yet to issue 20 conclusions on arrangements to secure value for money, so this number may increase further for 2017-18.

The proportion of local public bodies whose plans for keeping spending within budget are not fit-for-purpose, or who have significant weaknesses in their governance, is too high. This is a risk to public money and undermines confidence in how well local services are managed. Local bodies need to demonstrate to the wider public that they are managing their organisations effectively, and take local auditor reports seriously. Those charged with governance need to hold their executives to account for taking prompt and effective action. Local public bodies need to do more to strengthen their arrangements and improve their performance.

Local auditors need to exercise the full range of their additional reporting powers, where this is the most effective way of highlighting concerns, especially where they consider that local bodies are not taking sufficient action. Departments need to continue monitoring the level and nature of non-standard reporting, and formalise their processes where informal arrangements are in place. The current situation is serious, with trend lines pointing downwards.

The report is available on the NAO website:

https://www.nao.org.uk/report/local-auditor-reporting-in-england-2018/



National Audit Office – Local authority governance

The report examines whether local governance arrangements provide local taxpayers and Parliament with assurance that local authority spending achieves value for money and that authorities are financially sustainable.

Local government has faced considerable funding and demand challenges since 2010-11. This raises questions as to whether the local government governance system remains effective. As demonstrated by Northamptonshire County Council, poor governance can make the difference between coping and not coping with financial and service pressures. The Department (Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government) places great weight on local arrangements in relation to value for money and financial sustainability, with limited engagement expected from government. For this to be effective, the Department needs to know that the governance arrangements that support local decision-making function as intended. In order to mitigate the growing risks to value for money in the sector the Department needs to improve its system-wide oversight, be more transparent in its engagement with the sector, and adopt a stronger leadership role across the governance network

Not only are the risks from poor governance greater in the current context as the stakes are higher, but the process of governance itself is more challenging and complex. Governance arrangements have to be effective in a riskier, more time-pressured and less well-resourced context. For instance, authorities need to:

- maintain tight budgetary control and scrutiny to ensure overall financial sustainability at a time when potentially contentious savings decisions have to be taken and resources for corporate support are more limited; and
- ensure that they have robust risk management arrangements in place when making commercial investments to generate new income, and that oversight and accountability is clear when entering into shared service or outsourced arrangements in order to deliver savings.

Risk profiles have increased in many local authorities as they have reduced spending and sought to generate new income in response to funding and demand pressures. Local authorities have seen a real-terms reduction in spending power (government grant and council tax) of 28.6% between 2010-11 and 2017-18. Demand in key service areas has also increased, including a 15.1% increase in the number of looked after children from 2010-11 to 2017-18. These pressures create risks to authorities' core objectives of remaining financially sustainable and meeting statutory service obligations. Furthermore, to mitigate these fundamental risks, many authorities have pursued strategies such as large-scale transformations or commercial investments that in themselves carry a risk of failure or underperformance.

The report is available on the NAO website:

https://www.nao.org.uk/report/local-authority-governance-2/



National Audit Office – Planning for new homes

The National Audit Office (NAO) has recently published a report on *Planning for new homes*. This report is part of a series on housing in England, including *Housing in England: overview (2017)* and *Homelessness (2017)*. The latest report focuses on the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government's (MHCLG's) objective for housing in England to deliver a million homes by the end of 2020; half a million by the end of 2022; and to deliver 300,000 net additional homes a year on average.

The report recognises that increasing the supply of new homes is a complex task and one of the measures MHCLG has introduced to help achieve the objective is reforming the planning system. The report notes that the planning system is fundamental to providing new homes and it assesses how effectively MHCLG supports the planning regime to provide the right homes in the right places through:

- supporting local authorities to produce plans for how the supply of new homes will meet need in their area:
- supporting local authorities and the Planning Inspectorate in having effective and sufficiently resourced planning processes and teams to deal with planning applications and appeals; and
- working effectively with local authorities, other government departments and developers to ensure infrastructure to support new homes is planned and funded.

The report finds that at present, the system is not providing value for money and that the supply of new homes has failed to meet demand. It notes that a number of factors have contributed to the planning system not working and some of these include:

- the process of setting the need for new homes;
- the reductions in local authority capability;
- · the under-performing Planning Inspectorate; and
- failures in the system to ensure adequate contributions for infrastructure.

The report recognises that MHCLG's new National Planning Policy Framework is an important step, but it is too early to tell whether the changes it introduces will be effective. The report also makes a number of recommendations for MHCLG to implement alongside the framework to help the planning systems work more effectively.

The report concludes that the Department and government more widely need to take this much more seriously and bring about improvement if they are to meet their ambition of 300,000 new homes per year by the mid-2020s.

The report is available on the NAO website:

https://www.nao.org.uk/report/planning-for-new-homes/#



Links

Grant Thornton

https://www.grantthornton.co.uk/

http://www.grantthornton.co.uk/industries/publicsector

National Audit Office

https://www.nao.org.uk/report/local-auditor-reporting-in-england-2018/

https://www.nao.org.uk/report/local-authority-governance-2/

https://www.nao.org.uk/report/planning-for-new-homes/#



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